

**TRESWITHIAN DAFFODIL FARM**

*Camborne - Cornwall*

**A LIST  
OF  
DAFFODILS**

*Grown by Alec Gray*

1960

---

Printed by . . .

The Camborne Printing  
and Stationery Co., Ltd.

24 Commercial Street  
Camborne, Cornwall

Telephone - - 2170

---

# ALEC GRAY

Treswithian Daffodil Farm,

Camborne, Cornwall

Phone : CAMBORNE 2041

---

---

## FOREWORD

Those familiar with my list in past years will notice that I have included in it this season some line illustrations ; these will, I hope, enable those who are unfamiliar with the dwarf daffodils, and who are unable to visit shows, to form some idea of what the members of the various groups are like.

Customers often ask me, when ordering bulbs, for some information as to how they should be grown. To avoid having to reply to each letter individually, I am also including brief cultural instructions which, I trust, will answer most of the questions asked.

Where a variety is unpriced in my list, it indicates that my stock is too small to allow me to offer it for general sale. In some instances I have less than half a dozen bulbs, but in others I have enough to be able to spare a bulb or two to anyone especially interested.

Please place your orders early, as I have generally sold out of all but a few sorts by the end of June, and I replant all unsold bulbs during September.

I always welcome letters from other devotees of the miniature daffodil, and am very pleased to buy or exchange bulbs of the newer, or scarcer sorts.

I can still supply a reprint of my lecture to the R.H.S. on the culture, etc., of the dwarf daffodil, price 1/- post free.

Whilst all packing is free, I am compelled, by the much increased postage rates, to charge carriage on all orders under £3.

## CULTURAL NOTES

With the exception of the North African species, (which are best grown in a cold house), almost all the daffodils in this list are hardy, inasmuch as they will not be seriously damaged by low temperatures when grown in the open, but not all, of course, are equally free flowering or equally good doers.

*N. cyclamineus* and all the European *Bulbocodiums* will thrive in quite damp situations ; the rest, while they will tolerate much moisture when in full growth, should be planted in well drained situations where the bulbs can be well ripened in summer. The trumpet and triandrus species enjoy light shade, but the Jonquils are best in full sun.

Most ordinary soils are satisfactory, but if they are very heavy add some coarse sand, or if very light some peat or leaf-mould. Give no dung or fertiliser which will stimulate leaf growth, but if the soil

is very poor some bone meal can be added with advantage. Plant the bulbs as soon as they are received, if possible, the small ones about two inches deep and the larger ones three to four inches. Leave undisturbed for several years, in fact, until they become overcrowded or seem unhealthy for any reason. Always divide before replanting.

The species with very small bulbs are unsuitable for growing in bowls in fibre, without drainage, but nearly all the other sorts listed can be grown in this manner using exactly the same cultural methods as are employed when growing the ordinary, large-flowered varieties.

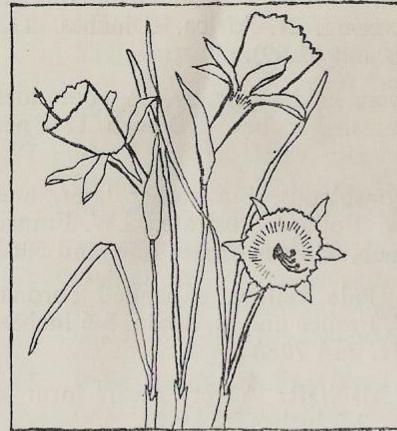
Except for a few sorts, such as some of the Poeticus varieties and the Lent Lily, which are only suitable for naturalizing, all are excellent for cultivation in pots, pans, or boxes in a cold house. For the very smallest bulbs pans three inches deep are adequate, but for larger bulbs four inches is better, while for bulbs over one inch in diameter, five inches is desirable. Pots and bowls of plastic, (so long as they have drainage), are even better than those of earthenware as they are far less likely to dry out; this is the chief cause of bulbs going "blind" and the flower buds falling open.

The drainage hole should be covered with a crock and on this should be placed a handful of peat or small stones. The same soil recommended for outdoor planting can be used and the bulbs should be set with their noses just below the surface of the soil. A pan six inches across will accommodate from twelve to fifteen of the smallest bulbs.

The pots or pans can be either plunged in soil or ashes, or just stood in a shady place and left until the leaves begin to appear or, with the late sorts, until about the end of November or beginning of December. Once inside the house or frame they should be given all the light and air possible and watered freely. Should the soil in the pots become frozen after leaf growth has begun, it is well to keep them covered with paper or something similar, so that they may thaw out slowly without the direct rays of the sun falling on them: it is not freezing, but thawing, which generally injures plants.

After flowering the pots can be stood outside again in a shady place, or put under the benches in the glasshouse, and allowed to dry off gradually. The very small sorts can remain in the pots for two or three years, but larger bulbs are best planted out in the garden for a season or two to recover before being grown again in pots.

Many of the small Narcissus species increase rather slowly by division but can be easily raised from seed. This should be sown as soon as it is ripe in boxes or pots and covered with  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch of fine soil. Treat these containers exactly as thought they held bulbs. The seed will germinate at various times through the winter and early spring. They should be left undisturbed until the foliage has died back for the second time when they should be lifted and the little bulbs planted out in the rock garden or repotted. Most will flower the third season. In the rock garden the species should be allowed to seed themselves, if possible.



N. Bulbocodium

A.M. = Award of Merit.

F.C.C. = First Class Certificate.

\*Scented varieties.

†Only a proportion of collected bulbs will flower the first year.

## NARCISSUS BULBOCODIUM

### No. Species, etc.

1. **ALBIDUS ZAIANICUS LUTESCENS.** Resembles riffanus in colour, form, and season, but is taller. Seems to be widely distributed in N. Africa. 4-5 inches.
2. **FILIFOLIUM.** The tallest Bulbocodium. Remains in growth most of the year. Pale yellow. Spain. 6 inches. **5d. each, 4/- per dozen. (6c. and 56c.)**
3. **\*MONOPHYLLUS (clusii) F.C.C.** The White Hoop Petticoat from N. Africa. Winter flowering, and rather difficult, but very beautiful. 3 inches. **2/- each. (28c.)**
4. **MONOPHYLLUS PETUNOIDES.** A form of the foregoing with almost flat corona.
5. **\*MONOPHYLLUS (clusii) foliosus.** Milk-white with less expanded corona. Also Winter flowering but much hardier than the type. 4 inches. **7d. each, 6/- per dozen. (8c. and 82c.)**
6. **OBESUS.** Very large inflated trumpet and fleshy leaves. Yellow. Spain and Portugal. 3-4 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
7. **OBESUS NARROW LEAFED FORM.** Exactly the same as the type except for the leaves. **7d. each, 6/- per dozen. (8c. and 84c.)**
8. **ROMIEUXII, A.M.** Widely expanded pale yellow trumpet. Blooms about Christmas but is quite hardy. Atlas Mountains. 3 inches. **1/6 each, 14/- per dozen. (21c. and \$1.97).**
9. **ROMIEUXII MESATLANTICUS.** Closely resembles Romieuxii but deep yellow. N. Africa. 4 inches.

10. **ROMIEUXII RIFFANUS.** Pale primrose with funnel-shaped trumpet. Early flowering. N. Africa. 3 inches. **1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.69).**
11. **TANANICUS.** White flowers held vertically. A poor doer out of doors. Atlas Mountains. 3 inches. **1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.69).**
12. **TENUIFOLIUM.** Like conspicuus, but rather later, and dwarfer and brighter yellow. Foliage prostrate. S.W. France and Spain. 3 inches. **4d. each, 3/6 per dozen. (5c. and 50c.)**
13. **VULGARIS CITRINUS.** Pale yellow, expanded corona. Likes damp situations. S.W. France and N. Spain. 5-6 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
14. **VULGARIS CITRINUS MINOR.** A very dwarf form of citrinus from Central Spain. 2-3 inches.
15. **VULGARIS CONSPICUUS.** Deep yellow, funnel-shaped corona. Increases rapidly. S.W. France, N. Spain, and Portugal. 4-6 inches. **4d. each, 3/- per dozen. (5c. and 42c.)**
16. **\*VULGARIS NIVALIS.** The smallest Bulbocodium. Narrow yellow trumpet. Very early. Mountains of N. Spain. 2-3 inches. **8d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (10c. and \$1.06).**
17. **MIXED BULBODIUMS.** For long flowering season. Including unnamed seedlings. **6/- per dozen. (84c.)**



*N. asturiensis*

Home-grown bulbs, **8d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (10c. and \$1.06).**  
Collected bulbs, **7d. each, 6/- per dozen. (8c. and 84c.)**

19. **MINOR (nanus).** Like *asturiensis* but a little taller and more erect and a much better doer. Habitat doubtful — perhaps the Maritime Alps. 3 inches. **1/6 each. (21c.)**

## TRUMPET NARCISSI

### Species.

18. **\*ASTURIENSIS (minimus).** The smallest daffodil. Very early. Needs protection from slugs. Asturias to Castile, and Central Portugal. 2 to 3 inches.

- X 20. **MINOR CONSPICUUS. (syn. NANUS and LOBULARIS).** Yellow trumpet, pale yellow perianth. Increases very rapidly. Not known in the wild state. 5 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
21. **MINOR PUMILIS.** Bright self-yellow, with prettily serrated trumpet. Serra de Gerez, Portugal. 6-7 inches. **1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.42).**
22. **MINOR PUMILIS PLENUS. (syn. RIP VAN WINKLE).** Quaint rather than beautiful — rather like a small dandelion. Perhaps the double of *pumilis* — and perhaps not! Origin unknown. 6 inches. **9d. each, 8/- per dozen. (11c. and \$1.13).**
- X 23. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS.** The Lent Lily or Wild Daffodil of England. Pale bicolor. For naturalizing. Western Europe. 6 inches. **2/6 per dozen, 18/- per 100. (35c. and \$2.53).**
24. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS PLENUS.** The rare double form of the foregoing. 6 inches.
25. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS ALPESTRIS.** Snowy-white drooping flowers. Not a good doer. The only white daffodil known in a wild state. Central Pyrenees. 4 inches.
26. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS BICOLOR.** My stock which was collected in Portugal contains several types. **4d. each, 3/6 per dozen. (5c. and 50c.)**
27. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS GAYI.** Whitish perianth, and clear yellow trumpet. For naturalizing or massing. Not known wild. 12 inches. **3/- per dozen, 20/- per 100. (42c. and \$2.81).**
28. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS LONGISPETHUS.** A rare species with smallish, sweetly scented flowers on a very tall stem. Andalusia. 24 inches.
29. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS MOSCHATUS.** Pure white, rather drooping flowers. Hardy and prolific. Not known wild. 9 inches. **8d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (10c. and \$1.06).**
30. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS MOSCHATUS PLENUS.** The Old English Double White Daffodil. Has always done well with me, but increases slowly. Origin unknown. 9 inches. **2/6 each, 25/- per dozen. (35c. and \$3.50).**
- X 31. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS OBVALLARIS.** The Tenby Daffodil. Neat bright yellow flowers on a very stiff stem. Very early. Probably a native of England. 12 inches. **5d. each, 4/- per dozen, 27/6 per 100. (6c., 56c. and \$3.87).**
32. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS PALLIDIFLORUS.** Large pale yellow or bicolor flowers. Very early. A variable plant and not a good doer. Asturias to S.W. France. 6 to 8 inches. **2/- each. (28c.)**

33. **PSEUDO-NARCISSUS VAN ZION.** The old yellow double daffodil. Useful for naturalizing on account of its iron constitution, and earliness. 15 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**

**Hybrids.**

34. **APRICOT. (de Graaff), A.M.** Perianth whitish, trumpet pale apricot-buff. 12 inches. **8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (10c. and 98c.)**
35. **BAMBI. (Dutch origin).** A very early little flower, with white perianth and bright yellow trumpet. 6 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
36. **BOWLES BOUNTY. (E. A. Bowles).** Very early. Soft sulphur-yellow throughout. 6 to 8 inches.
37. **BUCCA. (Alec Gray).** A strange little 1A or 6A with bright yellow, narrow-petalled flowers and very green, narrow foliage. 6 inches.
38. **CAPAX PLENUS.** A variety in cultivation for at least 300 years. Pale yellow double flowers with the petals arranged in the form of a star. Origin unknown. 6 inches. **5/- each. (70c.)**
39. **CHARLES WARREN.** A dwarfer and earlier form of pumilis found by myself naturalized in Cornwall. 5 inches. **1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.12).**
40. **KEHELLAND. (Alec Gray).** A soft yellow, very prolific double, with a stiff stem, and of unknown parentage. 6 to 8 inches. **8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (9c. and 98c.)**
41. **LITTLE BEAUTY.** A charming little Dutch raised well-contrasted, bicolor. 4 inches. **1/9 each, 18/- per doz. (24c. and \$2.53).**
42. **ROCKERY GEM. (R. A. Van der Schoot).** Trumpet primrose on opening but fades to pure white, perianth white. Of much substance, and very stiff stem. Lovely in pots. 9 inches. **1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.25).**
43. **ROSY TRUMPET. (R. O. Backhouse).** A small 1B with white perianth and pinkish trumpet.
44. **SANTA MARIA. (Wild hybrid).** Like a dwarf hispanicus with twisted perianth, and narrow funnel-shaped, bright green tube. 9 inches.
45. **SNEEZY. (Alec Gray).** A self-yellow seedling from asturiensis x obvallaris. Largish flower on a very stiff, short stem. 4 inches. **2/- each. (28c.)**

46. **SNUG. (Alec Gray).** An N. alpestris seedling but of much better constitution than its parent. Perianth white, trumpet cream. 5 inches. **2/6 each. (35c.)**

47. **TANAGRA. (Alec Gray).** The same parentage as Sneezy. An exquisite little flower, of perfect form. Early. 5 to 6 inches. **4/- each. (56c.)**

48. **WEE BEE. (G. Zandbergen).** A nice sport from nanus. A smooth little flower of good substance, pale yellow. 5 inches. **3/- each. (42c.)**

49. **W. P. MILNER. (H. Backhouse).** Creamy-white drooping flowers. Free flowering and very good for pots or bowls. 10 inches. **8d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (10c. and \$1.06).**



N. triandrus albus

**NARCISSUS**

**TRIANDRUS**

**Species.**

- X 50. **ALBUS.** Several milk-white, fuschia-like flowers on each stem. Spain and Portugal. 3 to 4 inches. **5d. each, 4/- per dozen. (6c. and 56c.)**

51. **CERNUUS.** Cup shorter than in albus but longer than in concolor. Cream or white tinged with green. Central Spain. 4-5 inches.

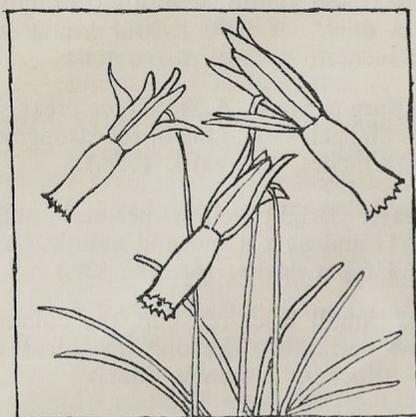
- X 52. **CONCOLOR.** Like albus but golden yellow. Found in pine woods in N. Portugal. 3 to 4 inches. **1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.12).**

53. **LOISELEURII (calathinus).** Larger and whiter than albus, and with curiously twisted, nearly prostrate foliage. Isles des Glenens, France. 5 to 6 inches. **2/- each. (28c.)**

**Hybrids.**

- X 54. **APRIL TEARS. (Alec Gray, A.M.)** Jonquilla x triandrus concolor. Several deep yellow flowers with slightly reversed colouring. Very graceful and increases rapidly. Late. 6 to 8 inches. **2/- each, 20/- per dozen. (28c. and \$2.81).**

55. **ARCTIC MORN.** (Alec Gray). Several flowers on each stem. The small cups have a hint of pink in them. 6 to 8 inches. 3/- each. (42c.)
56. **AUBURN.** (D. Blanchard). Goldbeater x N. triandrus aurantiacus. Intense, deep gold throughout. Long narrow corona, and rather twisted perianth. 9 to 12 inches. 9d. each, 8/- per dozen. (11c. and \$1.13).
57. **COBWEB.** (Alec Gray). One to four largish flowers to the scape. Perianth white, the small cup pale yellow. 10 inches. 1/6 each. (21c.)
- X 58. **DAWN.** (Englehart). A beautiful flower, rather like Cobweb but with a larger and flatter cup of deeper yellow. 12 inches. 2/- each, 20/- per dozen. (28c. and \$2.81).
59. **ELIZABETH PRENTIS.** (P. D. Williams). A very vigorous pure white 5A, generally single flowered. 12 inches. 8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (9c. and 98c.)
60. **FORTYNINER.** (Jan de Graaff). Very much like my Thoughtful, but dwarfier and with more flowers to the stem.
61. **FROSTY MORN.** (Alec Gray). Snowy-white, a very charming little triandrus of much substance, with one to three flowers on the stem. 6 inches. 2/6 each. (35c.)
- X 62. **HAWERA.** (W. M. M. Thompson). Very like April Tears, but earlier, and not quite such good form or colour. 6 to 8 inches. 2/- each, 21/- per dozen. (28c. and \$2.94).
- X 63. **HORN OF PLENTY.** (van Tubergen). A very vigorous variety with long cup. A little coarse, but very showy. 15 inches.
- X 64. **IVORY GATE.** (Alec Gray). Two to four ivory-white flowers of much substance. 9 to 12 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).
- X 65. **LEMON HEART.** (Barr & Sons). Up to four flowers, with rather long cream cup and white perianth. A very good doer, and increases rapidly. 9 inches. 1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.42).
66. **MARY PLUMSTEAD.** (Alec Gray). Very similar to April Tears but pale yellow. Increases rapidly. 6 inches. 3/6 each. (48c.)
67. **PHYLLIDA GARTH.** (Alec Gray). Rather like Ivory Gate, but three to four flowers to the scape and pure white with frilled cup. 9 to 12 inches. 3/6 each. (48c.)
68. **POPPET.** (Alec Gray). From the same cross as Dilly but with reversed colouring, primrose perianth and milk-white corona. 6 inches.
69. **QUEEN OF SPAIN.** Clear soft yellow, with long, straight trumpet. Not too good a doer. A wild hybrid found in N. Spain and Portugal. 6 inches.
- X 70. **RIPPLING WATERS.** (Barr & Sons), A.M. Three creamy white short-cupped flowers on each stem. One of the strongest and best triandrus. 16 to 18 inches. 2/6 each. (35c.)
- X 71. **ROSEDOWN.** (Alec Gray). Bright yellow perianth and globular orange-red cup. Triandrus x a red and yellow 2A. 12 to 15 inches. 5d. each, 4/6 per dozen. (6c. and 63c.)
- X 72. **SAMBA.** (Barr & Sons). Small brick-red cup, the colour suffusing the butter yellow perianth. The only triandrus I know with this colouring. 9 inches. 2/6 each. (35c.)
73. **SENNOCKE.** (F. R. Waley). A little hybrid triandrus x bulbocodium, intermediate between its parents in appearance. 4 inches.
74. **SHRIMP.** (Alec Gray). Triandrus albus x juncifolius. Pale yellow, rather large cup. Good doer. 4 inches. 3/- each. (42c.)
- X 75. **SIDHE.** (Alec Gray). Sulphur-yellow. Several small crowned flowers on each stem. Lovely for cutting. 15 inches. 2/6 each, 27/6 per dozen. (35c. and \$3.86).
- X 76. **SILVER CHIMES.** (E. & S. C. Martin), A.M. Up to 15 flowers on each stem. Perianth white, cup primrose. Lovely for pots. Tazetta Grande Monarque x triandrus loiseleurii. 12 inches. 1/9 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.53).
- X 77. **THOUGHTFUL.** (Alec Gray). One of the best triandrus I have raised. Two or three very large soft yellow blooms, of much substance. Very vigorous. 12 inches. 4/- each. (56c.)
- X 78. **TRESAMBLE.** (P. D. Williams). Generally considered the best triandrus so far raised. Tall and vigorous. Pure white. 15 to 18 inches. 9d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (11c. and \$1.06).
79. **TRISTESSE.** (D. Blanchard). A very beautiful little long-cupped flower. White Knight x loiseleurii. Pure white. 6 inches.
80. **YELLOW GEM.** (van Tubergen). Several long-cupped flowers on each stem. Similar to Horn of Plenty but, perhaps not quite so good. 15 inches.
81. **MIXED TRIANDRUS HYBRIDS.** A mixture which includes unnamed seedlings. 8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (9c. and 98c.)



N. cyclamineus

## NARCISSUS CYCLAMINEUS

### Species.

82. †**CYCLAMINEUS**, F.C.C. Self - yellow. Long yellow cup and very reflexed petals. Likes damp situations and to be left undisturbed. N. Portugal and Galicia. 4 inches.

Home-grown bulbs, 8d. each, 7/6 per dozen. (9c. and \$1.06).  
Collected bulbs, 6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)

### Hybrids.

83. **BABY DOLL**. (syn. *Cairhays*). A beautiful little self-yellow flower of very good form and substance. 9 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).
84. **BARTLEY**. (J. C. Williams), F.C.C. Bright yellow. Long narrow trumpet. A wonderful garden plant and very lasting. 18 inches. 1/9 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.33).
- X 85. **BERYL**. (P. D. Williams), A.M. Cyclamineus x A Poet. Deep yellow perianth and cup-shaped brick-red corona. Very prolific. 8 inches. 9d. each, 8/- per dozen. (11c. and \$1.13).
- X 86. **CHARITY MAY**. (C. F. Coleman), A.M. A very fine self-yellow short-cupped cyclamineus. There is nothing else like it so far. 15 inches. 6/- each. (84c.)
87. **CHINESE LANTERN**. (Alec Gray). Bright yellow drooping flowers; the name well describes it. 6 inches.
88. **CORNET**. (Alec Gray). A sister seedling to Jana. Very similar but not as early and a rather better doer. 9 inches. 2/- each. (28c.)
89. **COWLEY**. (Dennis Milne). A nice little bicolor which I have not had long enough to test yet. 9 inches.
- X 90. **CYCLATAZ**. (A. W. Tait). The same colouring as Soliel d'Or which is one of its parents. Very early and a lovely pot plant. 6 inches. 2/6 each, 25/- per dozen. (35c. and \$3.50).
- X 91. **DOVE WINGS**. (C. F. Coleman), A.M. Another of Mr. Coleman's beautiful hybrids, not so large as Charity May. White perianth and pale yellow cup. 12 to 15 inches. 8/- each. (\$1.12).

- X 92. **FEBRUARY GOLD**. (de Graaff). Pale yellow petals and deep yellow cup. Very early and perhaps the most lasting of all daffodils. 12 inches. 1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.41).
93. **FEBRUARY SILVER**. (Dutch origin). Resembles February Gold in form, but milk-white and larger and of more substance. A most amazingly lasting flower. 9 to 12 inches. 2/- each. (28c.)
94. **FLUTE**. (Alec Gray). A beautiful plant, Tanagra x N. cyclamineus. Deep yellow and of much substance. 5 inches.
95. **GOLDEN CYCLE**. (H. G. Hawker), A.M. A pretty, very early self-yellow variety, but not too good a doer. 9 inches. 2/- each. (28c.)
96. **GREENSHANK**. (A. M. Wilson). A nice little yellow flower similar to Snipe in form. 6 inches. 2/6 each. (35c.)
- X 97. **JANA**. (Alec Gray). The first of all the larger daffodils to flower with me. Clear yellow and very graceful. A wonderful pot plant. 10 to 12 inches. 2/6 each, 25/- per dozen. (35c. and \$3.50).
- X 98. **JENNY**. (C. F. Coleman), F.C.C. The only really white cyclamineus hybrid. Like Charity May in form. A wonderful flower in a class by itself. 15 inches. 12/- each. (\$1.68).
- X 99. **JETAGE**. (Alec Gray). A low-growing, deep yellow flower with long narrow trumpet and swept-back perianth. 4 inches.
- X 100. **JUMBLIE**. (Alec Gray). A sister seedling to Tête-a-Tête: the same colouring but with reflexed petals. 6 inches. 5/- each. (70c.)
- X 101. **LARKELLY**. (P. W. Williams). A very fine cyclamineus hybrid of great substance. Broad yellow perianth and orange-red cup. 10 to 12 inches. 8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (10c. and 98c.)
102. **LE BEAU**. (Barr & Sons). Very like Golden Cycle, but taller and later and of much better constitution. 12 inches. 1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.68).
103. **LITTLE GENTLEMEN**. An Australian raised flower, self-yellow and of very nice form, and good substance. 6 to 8 inches.
- X 104. **LITTLE WITCH**. (Mrs. Backhouse). Smallish self-yellow flowers. Very stiff habit and very durable. 9 inches. 2/- each, 20/- per dozen. (28c. and \$2.81).
105. **MARCH SUNSHINE**. (de Graaff). Butter yellow perianth and orange-yellow cup. A very good doer and very free flowering. 12 inches. 1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.42).

106. **MINICYCLA.** (A. M. Chapman), A.M. The name indicates its parentage. A lovely little thing and very early, not too easy to keep. 3 to 4 inches.
107. **MITZY.** (Alec Gray). Rather reflexed white perianth and long cup, opening primrose, fading to white. 6 inches.
108. **QUINCE.** (Alec Gray). Another sister seedling to Tête-a-Tête, but a soft sulphur yellow with two or three flowers to each stem. 4 to 6 inches. **3/6 each. (48c.)**
109. **ROGER.** (Alec Gray). Beryl x Nor-Nor. Midway between its parents in colour and form. Of much substance, and sun-proof. 6 to 8 inches. **3/- each. (42c.)**
- X 110. **SNIPE.** (A. M. Wilson). Well-named. A very long trumpeted, pale flower. 9 inches. **5/- each. (70c.)**
- X 111. **TETE-A-TETE.** (Alec Gray), A.M. Cyclataz selfed. Same colour as its parent, but flowers solitary. Large, of much substance, and perfect form. 4 to 6 inches. **4/6 each. (63c.)**
112. **TREWERGIE.** (P. D. Williams), A.M. A long-cupped, self-yellow variety. Very vigorous. 12 inches. **1/8 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.53).**
113. **YINDEE.** (Alec Gray). A little milk-white flower with long trumpet slightly expanded at the mouth. 4 inches.
114. **MIXED CYCLAMINEUS HYBRIDS.** A mixture of not less than six sorts. As a whole they are earlier flowering than the mixed triandrus of Jonquil hybrids. **7/- per dozen. (98c.)**



N. juncifolius

## NARCISSUS

## JONQUILLA

### Species.

115. **ATLANTICUS.**  
Flowers solitary, milk-white. Can be distinguished from Watieri by its colour and cup-shaped corona. Atlas Mountains. 4 inches.

117. \***FERNANDESII.** A very rare species recently found in Portugal; seems to be closely related to juncifolius. Yellow. 4 inches.
- X 118. \***JONQUILLA DOUBLE.** Several flowers like golden balls on each stem. Very sweetly scented. Not known in the wild state. 12 inches.
119. \***JONQUILLA MINOR.** Like the Single Jonquil but smaller and with a longer cup. A shy flowerer. Probably N. Jonquilla x N. juncifolius. 6 inches. **5d. each, 4/6 per dozen. (6c. and 63c.)**
- X 120. \***JONQUILLA SINGLE.** Up to six very strongly scented, deep yellow flowers to the scape. Spain, Portugal and S. Europe and N. Africa. 12 inches. **5d. each, 4/- per dozen, 25/- per 100. (6c., 63c. and \$3.51).**
121. \***JONQUILLOIDES.** A wild hybrid, N. Jonquilla x N. gaditanus, and midway between its parents in appearance. Increases rapidly but rarely flowers. S. Spain. 4 inches.
- X 122. \***JUNCIFOLIUS, F.C.C.** Several tiny yellow flowers, very sweetly scented. One of the smallest Narcissus. Spain, Portugal and Corsica. 3 inches. Home-grown bulbs, **7d. each, 6/- per dozen. (8c. and 84c.)** Collected bulbs, **5d. each, 4/6 per dozen. (6c. and 63c.)**
123. **MARVIERI.** Similar to rupicola but slightly larger. Slow to increase. Morocco. 4 inches.
124. \***RUPICOLA.** Bright yellow, solitary flowers with nearly flat six-lobed corona. Portugal and Central Spain. 3 inches. **1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.42).**
125. **SCABERULUS.** One to three very small self-yellow flowers on a rather long stem. Semi-prostrate foliage. Portugal. 4-5 inches. **1/6 each. (21c.)**
- X 126. **WATIERI.** Resembles rupicola in form, but is slightly larger and the most dazzling white, the whitest thing in Narcissi, and very beautiful. Atlas Mountains. 4 inches. **1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.69).**

**NOTE.** I have small stocks of cream and ivory forms of rupicola and marvieri; also a very large and very small form of the latter. I have, as well, a stock of a plant which would seem to be intermediate between rupicola and juncifolius.

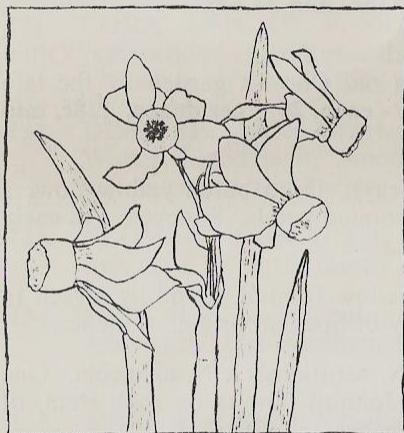
### Hybrids.

- X 127. \***AURELIA.** (Barr & Sons). A tall, deep yellow flower of model form and sweetly scented. 18 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**

- X 116. \***CALCICOLA.** Taller and much earlier than juncifolius. Scented. Not a good doer. Central Portugal. 5 to 6 inches. **2/6 each. (35c.)**

128. **BEBOP.** (Alec Gray). A sister seedling to Sun Disc but with paler perianth. 5 to 6 inches. 1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.40).
129. **BOBBYSOXER.** (Alec Gray). Another sister to Sun Disc but taller and with deep orange cup. Increases very rapidly. 7 to 8 inches. 1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.76).
130. **CHERIE.** (W. F. Mitchell). One or two smallish flowers of unique colouring for a jonquil. Perianth white, cup amber-pink. 15 to 18 inches. 3/- each. (42c.)
131. **CORA ANN.** (W. F. Mitchell). White perianth and small pale yellow cup. Of much substance and very prolific. 10 to 12 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).
132. **DEMURE.** (Alec Gray). A very refined little flower with Watieri blood in it. Smooth white perianth and small pale yellow cup. 6 to 8 inches. 4/- each. (56c.)
133. **FLOMAY.** (Alec Gray). An exquisite little white Jonquil hybrid. The cup is faintly edged with pinkish-buff. 4 inches.
134. **\*GRACILIS.** Several pale yellow flowers to the scape. Scented. Almost the last Narcissus to bloom. Origin unknown. 12 to 15 inches.
135. **HIFI.** (Alec Gray). *N. calcicola* x a yellow trumpet; generally twin-flowered. Halfway between its parents in form. 5 inches.
136. **\*KIDLING.** (Alec Gray). Just midway between its parents *N. Jonquilla* x *N. juncifolius*. Extremely free-flowering and very fragrant. 6 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.12).
137. **LINTIE.** (Barr & Sons). Each stem bears from one to four largish flowers, with butter yellow perianths and flat orange-red cups. 7 to 8 inches. 7d. each, 6/- per dozen, 45/- per 100. (8c., 84c. and \$6.32).
138. **NIRVANA.** (Barr & Sons). A tall white Jonquil, with several small cupped flowers and good scent. 14 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).
139. **\*ODORUS CAMPERNELLI.** A very tall, vigorous plant. Several butter-yellow flowers with campanulate coronas. Sweetly scented. 18 inches. 5d. each, 4/6 per dozen. (6c. and 63c.)
140. **\*ODORUS CAMPERNELLI PLENUS.** Known to the trade as *rugulosus plenus*, but certainly the double of *campernelii*. Just as sweetly scented. 15 inches. 5d. each, 4/6 per dozen. (6c. and 63c.)
141. **\*ODORUS RUGULOSUS.** Three or four large, scented, soft yellow flowers on each stem. A fine garden plant. A garden hybrid. 15 inches. 6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)
142. **\*ORANGE QUEEN.** (Cartwright & Goodwin). Both cup and perianth almost orange. Sweetly scented and very showy. 7 to 9 inches. 6d. each, 5/- per dozen, 35/- per 100. (7c., 70c., and \$4.92).
143. **PEASEBLOSSOM.** (Alec Gray). One to three dainty yellow flowers on each stem. *Juncifolius* x *triandrus albus*. 4 inches. 1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.69).
144. **PENCREBAR.** Like a small very double yellow rose. Often twin-flowered; found in an old Cornish garden by the late H. G. Hawker. 6 inches. 2/- each, 20/- per dozen. (28c. and \$2.81).
145. **PIPERS BARN.** (Alec Gray). Deep butter-yellow flowers with small cup and rather pointed petals. 8 inches. 7d. each, 6/- per dozen. (8c. and 85c.)
146. **SEA GIFT.** A little self-yellow Jonquil, found by myself in a Cornish garden. Probably of Spanish origin. 6 inches.
147. **SKIFFLE.** (Alec Gray). *N. asturiensis* x *N. calcicola*. One or two bright yellow little Jonquil flowers on each stem, of very good form. Early. 3 inches.
148. **SKYLON.** (T. A. V. Wood). An unusual plant, with two neat flowers on each stem, yellow with red rim to the cup, and resembling a Poetaz variety. 15 inches. 1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.05).
149. **STAFFORD.** (Alec Gray). Sister to Bobbysoxer, and exactly similar except that it is rather earlier and has prostrate foliage. 1/9 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.53).
150. **SUGAR BUSH.** (Alec Gray). *Jonquilla* x (John Evelyn x Red Cross). Ivory-white perianth and orange-yellow cup. 12 inches. 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).
151. **SUNDIAL.** (Alec Gray). Very like Bobbysoxer, but smaller and dwarfer and very much earlier. 6 inches. 3/- each. (42c.)
152. **\*SWEETNESS.** (A. V. Favell). A charming self-yellow Jonquil, sweetly scented as its name implies. 12 inches. 1/9 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.53).
153. **\*TENUIOR.** The "Small Straw-coloured Jonquil" of old authors. One to three well formed little flowers on each stem. Late. Origin unknown. 5 inches. 9d. each, 8/- per dozen. (11c. and \$1.12).

- X 154. **TREVITHAN.** (P. D. Williams), F.C.C. Perhaps the best short-cupped Jonquil. Two or three large pale yellow flowers on each stem. Tall and vigorous. 20 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
155. **WEST WIND.** (Alec Gray). Resembles Single Jonquil in form but much dwarfer, and pale yellow. 6 inches.
156. **MIXED JONQUIL HYBRIDS.** A mixture of not less than six sorts. Mostly rather late flowering. **7/- per dozen. (98c.)**



N. canaliculatus

## TAZETTA

### NARCISSUS

#### Species.

157. \***SPECIES.** Collected in Israel. Both double and single forms. White perianth and orange corona. Typical Gloriosus scent. 12 inches.

158. \***BERTOLONII.** A small self-yellow Polyanthus species, perhaps the ancestor of Soliel d'Or. N. Africa. 6 to 8 inches.
- X 159. \***CANALICULATUS.** One of the only really dwarf Tazettas. White perianth and citron cup. Very prolific and sweetly scented. French and Italian Rivièras. 4 inches. **5d. each, 4/- per dozen. (6c. and 56c.)**
160. **COMPRESSA.** Extremely robust. White perianth and bright yellow corona. Makes an enormous bulb. Origin unknown. 12 inches. **1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.42).**
161. **CYPRI.** As its name implies, a native of Cyprus. Has not bloomed with me yet.
162. **DUBIUS.** A tiny, pure white Polyanthus of much substance. Very lovely, but difficult to flower in the open. S.W. France. 4 to 5 inches.
163. \***INTERMEDIUS.** A yellow Tazetta x Single Jonquil and intermediate between its parents. S. Europe. 12 inches.
164. **ITALICUS.** A curious flower with long narrow, straw-coloured petals and small citron cup. Reminds one of N. elegans. Italy. 12 to 15 inches.

165. \***ODORATUS.** Similar to canaliculatus in form, colour and scent but much taller. Collected in Scilly, but probably from S. France. 12 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**
166. **PAPYRACEUS.** The well-known "Paper White". Very early, but a poorish flower. Various forms are widely distributed over S. Europe. 15 inches. **8d. each, 6/- per dozen. (9c. and 84c.)**
167. \***SCILLY WHITE.** Perianth white, cup primrose. Excellent for bowls. S. Europe. 12 to 15 inches. **6d. each, 5/- per dozen. (7c. and 70c.)**

#### Hybrids.

- X 168. **CHINITA.** (A. M. Chapman). Not a dwarf, but to my mind one of the prettiest of the Poetaz section. Primrose cup, edged red. 18 inches. **1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).**
169. **HALINGY.** (Alec Gray). A low growing, very early flower having Scilly White for one of its parents. Perianth milk-white, cup pale yellow. 6 inches. **1/9 each, 18/- per dozen. (24c. and \$2.53).**
170. **HORS d'OEUVRE.** (Alec Gray). A curious little flower, N. canaliculatus x N. minor. Very, very early. Self-yellow. 4 inches.
171. \***SOLIEL d'OR.** I have three varieties of this old and well-beloved plant. Origin unknown. 15 to 18 inches. **8d. each, 7/- per dozen. (9c. and 98c.)**
172. **SHREW.** (Alec Gray). Canaliculatus x minor. A tiny plant with several yellow and white flowers on each stem. Slow to increase. 2 to 3 inches. **2/6 each. (35c.)**

## NARCISSUS POETICUS

- X 173. \***FLORE PLENO.** The well-known Double Pheasant Eye. Strongly scented and very late. Not known as a wild plant. 15 to 18 inches. **5d. each, 4/6 per dozen, 30/- per 100. (6c., 64c. and \$4.22).**
174. \***HELLENICUS.** (Vernus of Linnaeus). Small, perfectly formed flowers on a very tall stem. One of the ancestors of Dinkie and other shapely flowers. Greece. 20 inches.
175. \***PHYSALOIDES.** A remarkable variety of N. Poeticus in which the spathe is much inflated resembling the calyx of the Cape Gooseberry — hence its name. Switzerland.

176. \***PRAECOX**. A very early species once grown for market but now scarce. The name is not recognised by botanists, but is descriptive. 15 inches. **1/3 each, 12/- per dozen. (18c. and \$1.69).**
177. \***POETARUM**. The red cup of this species has provided the colour in nearly all modern red cups. Has a weak perianth, and is a poor doer. Habitat unknown. 15 inches.
- X 178. \***RECURVUS**. The old "Late Pheasant Eye". One of the most powerfully scented Narcissus. Valuable for naturalizing. Not known wild. 15 to 18 inches. **5d. each, 4/6 per dozen, 30/- per 100. (6c., 63c. and \$4.22).**
179. \***STELLARIS** Very starry flowers; yellow cup with narrow red rim. I think this the correct name for the plant hitherto listed as radiiflorus. Switzerland. 9 inches.
180. \***VERBANENSIS**. A dwarf Poet of uncertain constitution in this country. Very Late. S. France.

### VARIOUS NARCISSI

181. **APRIL SNOW. (G. L. Wilson)**. A pure white trumpet variety or 2C. Excellent form and substance, and a wonderful pot plant. 12 inches. **2/3 each, 24/- per dozen. (32c. and \$3.37).**
182. **BROUSONETTII**. White with a corona which is almost obsolete; it resembles a freesia. Has not flowered with me and probably never will. N. Africa. 12 inches.
- X 183. **DINKIE. (Chapman), F.C.C.** Tall, but a very charming variety. Round, greenish-yellow perianth, and small yellow cup edged red. Descended from *Poeticus hellenicus*. 20 inches. **3/- each. (42c).**
184. **FAIRY CIRCLE. (Brodie of Brodies), A.M.** A charming little flower with white perianth and flat cup edged with buff-pink. 12 inches. **2/- each. (28c).**
- X 185. **GOLDSITHNEY. (Alec Gray)**. A bright yellow 2A. Very prolific and excellent for borders. 8 inches. **9d. each, 8/- per dozen. (11c. and \$1.13).**
186. **HEDRIANTHUS**. A curious little, recently discovered species, closely related to the *Bulbocodiums*. Primrose, and very early. Andalusia. 2 inches. **5/- each. (70c).**
187. **KENELLIS. (Alec Gray)**. A *Bulbocodium* hybrid. White perianth and long yellow cup. Sends up secondary flowers which make it one of the first and last to flower. 8 inches. **1/6 each, 15/- per dozen. (21c. and \$2.11).**

188. **LADY BEE. (Barr)**. White petals, and rather long pink cup. Very stiff stem. 10 inches.
189. **MACLEAYI**. A curious plant of unknown origin; perhaps a Poet x N. abscissus. Bicoloured flowers, and very vigorous foliage. 6 inches. **2/6 each. (35c).**
- X 190. **MARIONETTE. (Alec Gray)**. Bright yellow perianth two inches across, and small yellow cup edged orange-red. 4 inches. **1/9 each. (24c).**
191. **MARYCHILD. (Alec Gray)**. N. triandrus x N. *Bulbocodium*. In form intermediate between its parents. Bright yellow. 4 inches.
192. **NOR-NOR. (G. L. Wilson)**. A 2A. Opens almost self-yellow but the petals fade to white and cup darkens to orange with age. Absolutely sun-proof, and very prolific. 9 to 12 inches. **1/- each, 10/- per dozen. (14c. and \$1.41).**
193. **PANGO. (Alec Gray)**. N. dubius x John Evelyn. Soft yellow, very early. 8 inches. **3/6 each. (50c).**
- X 194. **PEPPER. (J. C. Williams), A.M.** Bright orange-red cup and deep yellow perianth, the earliest red-cup. 12 inches. **5d. each, 4/6 per dozen, 35/- per 100. (7c., 70c. and \$4.92).**
195. **PICARILLO. (B. O. Mulligan)**. A beautiful little sulphur yellow flower. N. *Watieri* x N. *pumilis*. Charming campanulate corona. 4 inches.
196. **SEROTINUS**. An Autumn-flowering species widely distributed around the shores of the Mediterranean. Very rarely blooms in this country. 6 inches.
197. **TWEENY. (Alec Gray)**. Bred from a large 2A x N. *Watieri*. White perianth and citron yellow cup. Very late. 6 inches. **4/- each. (56c).**
- X 198. **XIT. (Alec Gray)**. Also from N. *Watieri*, but crossed with a large 2C. Pure white. 5 to 6 inches. **2/6 each. (35c).**
199. **MIXED No. 1**. Not less than 10 of the sorts most suitable for naturalizing, giving a very long flowering season. 6 to 18 inches. **1st size 4/- per dozen, 27/6 per 100. (56c. and \$3.86); 2nd size 3/- per dozen, 20/- per 100. (42c. and \$2.81).**
200. **MIXED No. 2**. A general mixture of dwarf and semi-dwarf sorts. Not less than 20 varieties. **1st size 4/- per dozen, 27/6 per 100. (56c. and \$3.86); 2nd size 3/- per dozen, 20/- per 100. (42c. and \$2.81).**

For those inexperienced in selecting varieties suitable to their purpose I offer the collections listed below at a specially reduced price. Should I happen to be sold out of any variety, I reserve the right to substitute another of equal, or higher value.

**COLLECTION A.** Very dwarf, for pans or the rock garden. *Bulbocodium conspicuum*, *B. tenuifolius*, *canaliculatus*, *triandrus albus*, *juncifolius*, *asturiensis*. Please state whether required for indoor or outdoor cultivation. **12 bulbs of each 22/6. (\$3.16).**

**COLLECTION B.** Scented varieties for cutting and borders. Single Jonquil, *Poeticus recurvus*, *P. flore plenus*, *Campernellii*, *Campernellii plenus*, *Soliel d'Or*. **12 bulbs of each 24/- (\$3.37).**

**COLLECTION C.** For pots in soil or bowls in fibre. Pepper, *N. obvallaris*, *W. P. Milner*, *March Sunshine*, *Orange Queen*, *Tresamble*. **12 bulbs of each 28/- (\$3.93).**

**COLLECTION D.** Trumpet varieties for naturalizing in grass. *N. obvallaris*, *N. nanus*, *N. pseudo-narcissus*, *Bambi*, *W. P. Milner*, *N. gayi*.

## SEEDS

The *Bulbocodiums* are very delightful when massed in the rock garden or naturalized in short grass. For those who do not mind the wait, a cheap and very satisfactory way of obtaining them in quantity is by sowing seed. I can offer seed of a mixture of species and varieties at **1/6 per packet (21c)** of approx. 250 seeds.

## Index

No.	No.	No.
34	<i>Bulbocodium</i>	38 <i>Capax plenus</i>
181	<i>monophyllum</i>	86 <i>Charity May</i>
54	4 " " <i>petunoides</i>	39 <i>Charles Warren</i>
55	6 " " <i>obesus</i>	130 <i>Cherie</i>
18	7 " " <i>narrow-leafed form</i>	87 <i>Chinese Lantern</i>
115	<i>Atlanticus</i>	168 <i>Chinita</i>
56	8 " " <i>romieuxii</i>	57 <i>Cobweb</i>
127	9 " " <i>mesatlanticus</i>	160 <i>Compressa</i>
83	10 " " <i>riffanus</i>	131 <i>Cora Ann</i>
35	11 " " <i>tananicus</i>	88 <i>Cornet</i>
84	12 " " <i>tenunifolius</i>	89 <i>Cowley</i>
128	13 " " <i>vulgaris citrinus</i>	82 <i>Cyclamineus</i>
85	14 " " " <i>minor</i>	90 <i>Cyclataz</i>
158	15 " " " <i>conspicuum</i>	161 <i>Cypri</i>
129	16 " " <i>nivalis</i>	58 <i>Dawn</i>
182	17 " <i>Mixed</i>	132 <i>Demure</i>
	<i>Bulbocodium</i>	183 <i>Dinkie</i>
1	36 <i>Bowles Bounty</i>	91 <i>Dove Wings</i>
	37 <i>Bucca</i>	173 <i>Double White</i>
	116 <i>Calcicola</i>	162 <i>Dubius</i>
2	139 <i>Campernellii</i>	59 <i>Elizabeth Prentis</i>
3	140 " <i>plenus</i>	184 <i>Fairy Circle</i>
5	159 <i>Canaliculatus</i>	

No.	No.	No.
92	21 <i>Minor pumilis</i>	42 <i>Rockery Gem</i>
93	22 " " <i>plenus</i>	109 <i>Roger</i>
117	107 <i>Mitzi</i>	71 <i>Rosedown</i>
133	199 <i>Mixed No. 1</i>	43 <i>Rosy Trumpet</i>
94	200 <i>Mixed No. 2</i>	141 <i>Rugulosus</i>
60	17 " <i>Bulbocodiums</i>	124 <i>Rupicola</i>
61	114 " <i>Cyclamineus</i>	72 <i>Samba</i>
95	<i>Hybrids</i>	44 <i>Santa Maria</i>
185	156 " <i>Jonquil</i>	125 <i>Scaberulus</i>
134	<i>Hybrids</i>	167 <i>Scilly White</i>
96	81 " <i>Triandrus</i>	146 <i>Sea Gift</i>
169	<i>Hybrids</i>	73 <i>Sennocke</i>
62	20 <i>Nanus</i>	196 <i>Serotinus</i>
186	138 <i>Nirvana</i>	172 <i>Shrew</i>
135	192 <i>Nor-Nor</i>	74 <i>Shrimp</i>
63	165 <i>Odoratus</i>	75 <i>Sidhe</i>
170	142 <i>Orange Queen</i>	147 <i>Skiffle</i>
163	193 <i>Pango</i>	148 <i>Skylon</i>
164	166 <i>Paper White</i>	76 <i>Silver Chimes</i>
64	166 <i>Papyraceus</i>	45 <i>Sneezy</i>
97	143 <i>Peaseblossom</i>	110 <i>Snipe</i>
98	144 <i>Pencrebar</i>	171 <i>Soliel d'Or</i>
99	194 <i>Pepper</i>	149 <i>Stafford</i>
118	67 <i>Phyllida Garth</i>	150 <i>Sugar Bush</i>
119	195 <i>Picarillo</i>	151 <i>Sundial</i>
119	145 <i>Pipers Barn</i>	46 <i>Snug</i>
121	68 <i>Poppet</i>	152 <i>Sweetness</i>
100	173 <i>Poeticus flore plenus</i>	47 <i>Tanagra</i>
122	174 " <i>hellenicus</i>	157 <i>Tazetta species</i>
40	175 " <i>physaloides</i>	33 <i>Telemonium plenus</i>
187	177 " <i>poetarum</i>	153 <i>Tenuior</i>
136	176 " <i>praecox</i>	11 <i>Tête-a-Tête</i>
188	178 " <i>recurvus</i>	77 <i>Thoughtful</i>
101	179 " <i>stellaris</i>	78 <i>Tresamble</i>
102	180 " <i>verbanensis</i>	154 <i>Trevithan</i>
65	23 <i>Pseudo-narcissus</i>	112 <i>Trewergie</i>
23	25 " <i>alpestris</i>	<i>Triandrus</i>
137	26 " <i>bicolor</i>	50 " <i>albus</i>
41	27 " <i>gayi</i>	51 " <i>cernuus</i>
103	28 " <i>longispathus</i>	52 " <i>concolor</i>
104	29 " <i>moschatus</i>	53 " <i>loiseleurii</i>
189	30 " " <i>plenus</i>	79 <i>Tristesse</i>
105	31 " <i>obvallaris</i>	197 <i>Tweeny</i>
190	32 " <i>pallidiflorus</i>	126 <i>Watieri</i>
123	24 " <i>plenus</i>	48 <i>Wee Bee</i>
191	33 " <i>van Zion</i>	155 <i>West Wind</i>
66	69 <i>Queen of Spain</i>	49 <i>W. P. Milner</i>
106	108 <i>Quince</i>	198 <i>Xit</i>
19	70 <i>Rippling Waters</i>	113 <i>Yindee</i>
20	" <i>conspicuum</i>	80 <i>Yellow Gem</i>

