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NARCISSUS (Amaryllidaceae)

993-009 assoanus Léon-Dufour * (syn. N. juncifolius Lagasca, N. requienii M.J. Roem.) (Section Jonquillae) Coll. MK.1874 in E. Spain, Prov. Castellon, 1974. Excellent clone of this beautiful miniature Narcissus, with 1 to 5 deep yellow flowers in an umbel, sweetly scented. Leaves long, very narrow, semi-cylindrical. Propagation is easy and quick from seed. Ht. 10-15 cm. Flowers as early as February, best in alpine house.

976-209 asturiensis (Jord.) Pugsley * (Section Pseudonarcissus) From gardens. Miniature trumpet daffodil with pale to deep yellow flowers. Two or three glaucous-green, strap-shaped leaves, more or less flat on the ground. It is best grown in the alpine house, on account of its small size (beware of slugs!). Ht. 5-10 cm. III - IV.

999-143 broussonetii Lag. * (Section Aurelia) From gardens. Most distinct plant in several ways. The corona is absent (rudimentary). Furthermore it is the most Southerly occurring narcissus, apart from N. canariensis. Flowers 1 to 8, white, 28 mm diameter, fragrant. Anthers bright yellow, exserted. Perianth tube slender, funnel-shaped, at the base green and white above. Leaves erect, glaucous, 9 mm wide, to 28 cm. Best grown frost-free under glass, totally dry in summer. Then abundant water can be given in early autumn, upon which flowering can follow. Ht. 30-40 cm. X – XII. Tender.

966-009 bulbocodium L. * (Section Bulbocodium) From gardens. Hoop Petticoat Daffodil. Flowers solitary, horizontal, deep yellow, to 4.5 cm wide. Leaves filiform, ascending or prostrate. Ht. 10-20 cm. III - I-V. 999-144 bulbocodium L. * (Golden Bells) Vigorous Dutch clone, large-flowered. A very good Petticoat Daffodil, producing 3 to 7 flowers from a single bulb. Sometimes offered with the name Golden Bells between apostrophes. However the K.A.V.B. registrar did not accept the name, through lack of distinguishing features compared to the species. 998-211 bulbocodium L. ssp. bulbocodium var. nivalis (Graells) Bak. * From gardens. Authors are divided on whether this variety is truely distinct from the type. Flowers dark yellow, large, about 36 mm in diameter, style very exserted. Leaves up to 7, measuring to 5 mm wide. Ht. 5-10 cm. III – IV.

000-097 bulbocodium L. ssp. praecox Gatt et Weiller var. paucinervis Maire * From gardens. A robust early flowering plant, very distinct in cultivation. Flowers horizontal, 33 mm wide. Corona pale yellow, margin undulate, 40-50 mm long, 26 mm diameter. This particular variety has 3 nerves in each petal, as opposed to 6 in var. praecox. Leaves 3 to 4, particularly striate (grooved) on outer surface, 20-30 cm long. Ht. 10-15 cm. X – II.

993-236 canaliculatus hort. non Guss. see: N. tazetta L. 'Canaliculatus' 999-145 cantabricus DC. * (Section Bulbocodium) From gardens. A most vigorous clone of the popular winter-flowering white Hoop Petticoat Daffodil. Flowers creamy white. Ht. 20-25 cm. I – II.

993-010 cantabricus DC. ssp. monophyllus (Dur.) A. Fernandes * Coll. MK.2974 in S. Spain, Andalusia, 1974. Flowers glistening white. Stamens always included in the corona, not projecting. In the wild with one leaf only, but in cultivation forming several leaves. Ht. 10-15 cm. Flowers around Christmas in the alpine house, January – February in bulb frame. 993-011 cantabricus DC. ssp. tananicus (Fernandes) Maire * Coll. MK.3076 in Morocco, Western High Atlas Range, 1976. Flowers creamy white, larger than in ssp. monophyllus and the stems are longer, with flowers slightly looking upwards. Flowers allready in December with a very sweet fragrance. Lasts well as cutflower filling a room with a lovely perfume. Ht. 10-15 cm. Flowering time as above.

996-007 cyclamineus DC. ex Redoute * (Section Pseudonarcissus) From gardens. Prefers half-shade and light woodland conditions. Flowers bright yellow with strongly reflexed perianth segments and a long slender trumpet of the same colour. Ht. 10-20 cm. III. AGM.

993-012 dubius Gouan * (Section Tazettae) Coll. MK.0174 in E. Spain: Prov. Castellon, 1974. Natural hybrid of N. papyraceus Ker X N. assoanus Dufour. It resembles N. papyraceus in most aspects, but has very narrow greyish leaves. Flowers creamy-white, up to 5 or 6 in an umbel, 10-15 mm across. It needs a good summer baking and frost-protection. Ht. 20-30 cm. II.

998-218 elegans (Haw.) Spach (Section Tazettae) From gardens. Unusual autumn-flowering species for the skilled grower, it is reputedly difficult in cultivation. Flowers 2 to 5, 25-35 mm in diameter. Corona first green, becoming dull orange, cup-shaped, incurving at the mouth, 2 mm diameter only. Petals white, 15 mm long. Leaves may be produced before or with the flowers, they are flat, up to 3 mm broad, glaucous. Ht. 20 cm. X. Semi-hardy.

977-141 eystettensis hort. * (syn. Ajax eystettensis Herb.) (Section Pseudonarcissus) Figured in Parkinson's "Paradisus" under the name Pseudo-Narcissus gallicus minor fl. pl. one of the oldest double clones, most distinct, with its segments being regularly superimposed in six rows. Flowers 5-6 cm in diameter, clear pale sulphur-yellow entirely. Ht. 20-30 cm. III - IV.

998-214 fernandesii Pedro (Section Jonquillae) From gardens. Flowers 1 to 5, uniform yellow, about 3 cm in diameter. Corona cup-shaped, larger than in N. jonquilla. Leaves green, striate (marked with fine, longitudinal grooves). Ht. 15-20 cm. III.

997-037 X gracilis Sabine It is assumed to be N. jonquilla X N. poeticus, known since 1824. Flowers 2 to 3, sweetly scented, about 5 cm diameter. Petals yellow, the shallow cup a little darker. Leaves like N. jonquilla. Ht. 30 cm. V.

980-318 hispanicus Gouan * (syn. N. pseudonarcissus L. ssp. major (Curt.) Bak.) (Section Pseudonarcissus) One of the oldest and best known daffodils of cultivation, mentioned by Lobel in 1576, the exact origin remaining a mystery. Its use was of fundamental importance for the breeding of modern garden daffodils. Flowers buttercup-yellow entirely, perianth up to 10 cm across. Tips of the segments with a typical twist by 90 degrees compared to the corona. Margin of corona crenate. Leaves glaucous, erect and twisted. Ht. 40-50 cm. III - IV.

O00-098 humilis (Cav.) Traub * (syn. N. cavanillesii A. Barra et G. López, Tapeinanthus humilis (Cav.) Herb.) (Section Tapeinanthus) Rare, small autumn-flowering species. It flowers as soon as growth begins in the autumn. Flowers ascending, 20-25 mm in diameter, medium yellow. Corona virtually absent, anthers widely exserted. Bulbs of flowering size have only one leaf or none, a phenomenon shared with N. serotinus. In cultivation leaves appearing at flowering time, they are linear, to 20 cm later. Ht. 10 cm.

998-213 italicus Ker-Gawl. (syn. N. tazetta L. ssp. italicus (Ker-Gawl.) Bak.) (Section Tazettae) From gardens. Flowers 2 to 10, petals yellowish white, narrow and pointed, giving the flower a starry appearance. Corona lemon-yellow, quite short, cup-shaped. It can be distinguished from N. papyraceus and N. tazetta by the length of the style, which protrudes beyond the anthers to the height of the corona, sharing this characteristic only with N. pachybolbos, listed below. Leaves green, erect, keeled, 12 mm wide, to 80 cm long. Ht. 60 cm. III – IV.

980-694 jonquilla L. (Section Jonquillae) From gardens. Flowers deep yellow, sweetly fragrant. Foliage terete (rounded), deep lustrous green. Prefers cool, moist soils, rich in humus and partial shade. Ht. 15-25 cm. IV - V.

993-522 jonquilla L. 'Baby Moon' * Vigorous garden clone, more floriferous than the type. It now has taken over from the species in Dutch

cultivation. Ht. 15 cm only. IV - V.

000-131 minor L. ssp. asturiensis (Section Pseudonarcissus) From gardens. Recently we were informed N. asturiensis (Jord.) Pugsley was sunk into N. minor, but failed to make note of the authors' name. This is the tiniest of the trumpet daffodils, once known as N. minimus in horticulture. Flowers deep yellow, 3 cm diameter, corona constricted at the middle. Leaves 2 or 3, strap-shaped, 8 cm long, 0.6 cm wide, more or less prostrate. Ht. 5-10. Beware of slugs! II – III.

995-347 moschatus L. * (syn. N. cernuus hort.) (Section Pseudonarcissus) This plant has been in cultivation for more than three centuries, but it was never rediscovered in the wild. It is not to be confused with Pugsley's N. alpestris, which is difficult to maintain in gardens. Flowers nodding, petals white, twisted, 20-35 mm long. Leaves glaucous, erect, to 30 cm long. Ht. 25-35 cm. IV.

995-348 nanus Spach * (Section Pseudonarcissus) Known only as a plant of cultivation. It is like a vigorous N. minor L. Flowers pale yellow throughout. Naturalises well in a dryish place. Ht. 15 cm. III.

994-361 nanus Spach 'Midget' * Corona broad, straight, bright yellow, perianth sulphur-yellow, resembling N. asturiensis (Jord.) Pugsley, but larger. Leaves nearly erect, glaucous. Ht. 10 cm. III.

980-695 X odorus L. * N. jonquilla L. X N. pseudonarcissus L. Vigorous clone of the Campernelle Jonquil, also known as 'Rugulosus'. Deep yellow fragrant flowers in small umbels. Foliage intermediate to the parents', keeled, not terete, bright green. Ht. 20-30 cm. IV - V.

994-081 X odorus L. 'Rugulosus Flore Pleno' * We are proud to offer you the Double Campernelle, which is depicted in Parkinson's Paradisus of 1629 (p.93). Mr E.A. Bowles says of it: "a very pleasant garden plant, not too strongly scented and lasting well as a cut flower" in his Handbook of Narcissus (1934). Flowers yellow, fully double, segments very neatly arranged. Flowering for about a month in the garden. Ht. 30-40 cm. IV – V. AGM.

998-217 pachybolbus Dur. * (Section Tazettae) From gardens. Flowers 3 to 17, small, white. They are about 18 mm diameter with very imbricate (overlapping) ovate petals. Leaves up to 7, very flat, striate on both surfaces. Possibly it is a subspecies of N. papyraceus. Ht. 30 cm. XII – IV.

993-180 papyraceus Ker-Gawl. 'Paper White' * (Section Tazettae) Israeli nursery stock (Ziva). Up to 20 flowers in umbels, pure white, corona rather short, sweetly scented. Leaves glaucous and quiet broad, appearing early. Flowers as early as December when forced. Cultivation as in N. tazetta cultvars.

982-140 poeticus L. var. physaloides Beauverd. * (Section Narcissus) Coll. JMH.8217 in S. France: Dept. Var, growing in mixed deciduous forest, partial shade, 800-900 m alt., 1982. The flower spathes are strongly inflated in the bud stage, like a Physalis; flowers pure white, 6-7 cm diameter with a small greenish-yellow corona, ringed with crimson red. Powerfully fragrant. Ht. 20-30 cm. V.

996-008 poeticus L. var. physaloides Beauverd. Vigorous stock of garden origin.

981-710 poeticus L. 'Flore Pleno' * (syn. N. 'Albus Plenus Odoratus') The historical, fully double form of Narcissus poeticus, powerfully fragrant. Ht. 25-35 cm. V.

980-700 poeticus L. var. recurvus (Haw.) Fernandes *; From gardens. The late flowering Pheasant's Eye' Narcissus is treated as a true variety of the Poet's Narcissus by John Blanchard (Narcissus, A guide to wild daffodils). Best planted in cool, moist soil, rich in humus and in partial shade of light trees or shrubs. It takes some time to settle down, flowering sporadically in the first year. Perianth snow-white with a tiny greenish-yellow cup, margined crimson-red. Sweetly fragrant, with a great deal of nutmeg to the scent, to be kept away from the dinner table, advised by Mr E.A. Bowles. Ht. 25-35 cm. V. AGM.

980-705 pseudonarcissus L. * (Section Pseudonarcissus) From gardens. It prefers moist places in partial shade. Perianth whitish to creamy, always twisted. Dainty pale to deep yellow trumpet. Ht. 15-20 cm. III - IV. **000-099** pseudonarcissus L. ssp. eugeniae Casas * (syn. N. eugeniae Casas) From gardens. Flowers ascending, 50-75 mm diameter. Petals straw-coloured with a contrasting much darker yellow trumpet. Tube yellow. Corona first 15 mm wide, later apex expanding to 35 mm, deeply notched at the margin. Leaves erect, bluish green, striate, to 11 mm wide. Stem very short when the flowers opens, 5-11 cm, drawing much attention, due to the size of the flower. III – IV.

980-099 pseudonarcissus L. ssp. obvallaris (Salisb.) A. Fernandes * Fine Dutch nursery stock of the Tenby Daffodil. Best for naturalizing in light shade on cool and moist soil. Trumpet and perianth clear golden yellow. Ht. 20-30 cm. III - IV.

994-363 pumilus Salisb. * (Section Pseudonarcissus) From gardens. Corona golden-yellow, dilated near the mouth, margin crenate. Perianth bright yellow, petals not imbricate, slightly shorter than corona. Leaves glaucous. Ht. 10-15 cm. III.

987-070 radiiflorus Salisb. * (Section Narcissus) Coll. CH.818 in Republic of Macedonia (Skopje): near Bitola, in marshy pastures, 900 m alt., 1987. Flowers pure white, 5-6 cm across with a tiny greenish-yellow corona, ringed with crimson-red. Perianth segments not overlapping, narrower than those of N.p. var. physaloides. Fragrant. Ht. 20-30 cm. V. 994-362 radiiflorus Salisb. var. exertus (Haw.) Fernandes (syn. N. poeticus L. 'Ornatus Max') (Section Narcissus) From gardens. Corona chrome-yellow with an orange-red edge. Perianth pure white. John Blanchard indicates the exsertion of anthers in this variety does not differ from any other Poet Narcissus (despite its name). Ht. 50-60 cm. IV. 000-100 romieuxii Braun, Blanquet et Maire ssp. romieuxii * (Section Bulbocodium) From gardens. Flower pale straw- to deep primrose. Corona widely expanded, 2.5-4 cm diameter, with frilled margin. Most readily distinguished from N. bulbocodium by the much exserted anthers, overtopped by the style. Leaves filiform, flexuous, 1 mm wide, to 17 cm long. Ht. 10-15 cm. I - II.

000-101 romieuxii ssp. romieuxii var. mesatlanticus Maire * From gardens. A clone of cultivation with pale yellow flowers. It increases well and flowers freely. Ht. 10-15 cm. I-II.

999-147 romieuxii Braun, Blanquet et Maire ssp. albidus (Emb. et Maire) Fernandes var. zaianicus (Maire, Weiller et Wilczek) Fernandes This plant (here of garden origin) has taken quite some effort to classify, judging by the name! However John Blanchard writes the hoop petticoats from the Zaian mountains are quite different, but vary a lot. Flowers white to pale yellow, often fading from yellow to white in a few days. Corona to 30 mm diameter. Tube 24 mm long, 8 mm wide. Anthers exserted, style surpassing anthers. Ht. to 25 cm.

998-215 rupicola Duf. (Section Apodanthae) From gardens. Flowers yellow, 3 cm diameter. It is easily distinguished from other species in this section by its solitary flowers, flat or cone-shaped corona, lack of pedicel and anthers held well in the tube. Leaves glaucous, erect, 3 mm wide, 18 cm long. It needs an acid soil. Ht. 15 cm. IV.

998-216 scaberulus Henriques (Section Apodanthae) From gardens. Flowers 1 to 4, uniform deep yellow, 18 mm diameter. Petals only 3 mm wide. Corona cup-shaped, curving in at the base and at the margin. Leaves glaucous, as long as the scape, narrow and usually minutely scabrid (having a rough edge). It needs a dry period in summer. Ht. 5-15 cm. III.

993-013 serotinus L. * (Section Serotini) Coll. MK.6374 in S.W. Turkey: Prov. Antalya, near the Mediterranean, 1974. Young or non-flowering plants have several thread-like leaves, at the flowering stage no leaves of significance are produced. Photosynthesis of this autumn-flowering species occurs by means of the flowerstem. Flowers white, 2-2½ cm

across, with a very shallow yellow cup. This needs a thorough baking in summer and should be kept frost-free in winter. Ht. 15-25 cm. IX - X. 993-236 tazetta L. 'Canaliculatus' * (Section Tazettae) From gardens. Compact heads of small white flowers with an ochre coloured cup, fragrant. Leaves erect, glaucous. For a dryish position in the garden, the bulbs need good ripening in summer. Sufficient feeding is important to make good size bulbs, in order to flower well year after year. Ht. 15-20 cm. III - IV.

993-528 tazetta L. 'Chinese Sacred Lily' * Israeli grown stock, for good flowering by our mid-winter. Fragrant flowers in abundance, petals milk-white, corona golden-orange. Ht. 40 cm. XII – III.

993-179 tazetta L. 'Grand Soleil d'Or' * Israeli grown stock. Flowers in umbels, perianth yellow, corona orange, small. Requires a good baking in summer, but plenty of moisture in the spring. Excellent for forcing, very free-flowering. Height and time of flowering very much depending on temperature.

966-014 triandrus L. ssp. triandrus * (syn. N. triandrus L. f. albus hort.) (Section Ganymedes) From gardens. Flowers 2 or 3 in small umbels, white to creamy white. Best in partial shade in woodland conditions. Propagation from seed. Ht. 10-15 cm only. III - IV.

980-710 'Acropolis' * (Double Daffodils Division) Raised by J. Lionel Richardson. Very large, rounded fully double flowers. The outer segments are very broad and rounded, of purest white and have good substance. The inner ones are likewise, but slightly smaller. Interspersed among these in the centre are small, bright red petals, making a strong contrast of colours. Ht. 30-40 cm. IV.

993-229 'Actaea' * (Poeticus Division) Raised by G. Lubbe & Son, 1927. Snow-white perianth with a yellow, red-rimmed cup. Ht. 40-50 cm. V. AGM.

993-621 'Bell Song' * (Jonquilla Division) A striking new hybrid with a pink cup, mildly fragrant. Ht. 20-25 cm. IV - V.

980-720 'Beryl' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by P.D. Williams. Perianth primrose-yellow, deflexed. Cup globular, cadmium-yellow, with a broad orange edge. Ht. 15-20 cm. III - IV.

980-725 'Dove Wings' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by Cyril Coleman. Perianth white, deflexed. Cup primrose-yellow, turning white. Ht. 25-30 cm. III – IV. AGM.

980-730 'February Gold' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by De Graaff Bros., Dutch nurserymen, in 1923. Perianth mid-yellow, slightly deflexed. Trumpet orange-yellow. Ht. 15-25 cm. III – IV. AGM.

980-735 'February Silver' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by De Graaff Bros. in 1949. Perianth and trumpet milk-white, perianth slightly deflexed. Ht. 20-25 cm. III - IV.

999-148 'Greenlet' * (Cyclamineus Division) Perianth white, trumpet not flared, bright at the mouth, Ht. 20-25 cm, IV.

980-740 'Hawera' * (Triandrus Division) Raised by Dr W.M. Thomson in New Zealand around 1935. Flowers 4 to 6 in a small umbel, clear lemonyellow. Perianth deflexed. Ht. 15-20 cm. IV.

993-463 'Ice Wings' * (Triandrus Division) Raised by Cyril Coleman. Flowers ivory-white entirely, two per stem. Ht. 25-30 cm. III - IV.

995-367 'Itzim' * (Cyclamineus Division) Flowers yellow, the corona later turns to orange. Long lasting. Ht. 20 cm. III.

980-743 'Jack Snipe' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by M.P. Williams. Perianth creamy-white, deflexed. Cup primrose-yellow. Dwarfer and smaller than in 'Dove Wings'. Ht. 20 –25 cm. III - IV.

980-745 'Jenny' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by Cyril Coleman. Perianth pure white, deflexed. Trumpet pale primrose-yellow. Strongly fragrant. Ht. 25-30 cm. IV; AGM.

993-520 'Jetfire' * (Cyclamineus Division) Very cheerful bicoloured hybrid. Petals reflexed, corona true orange. Ht. 25-30 cm. III - IV. 994-364 'Jumblie' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by A. Gray. Flowers

deep golden-yellow, 2 or 3 per stem. Ht. 20 cm. III.

000-105 'Kenellis' * (Miscellaneous Division) Raised by A. Gray. Vigorous, floriferous hybrid, in which N. romieuxii becomes visible.

Perianth white, corona creamy-white. Ht. 10-15 cm. IV.

000-102 'Lemon Drops' * (Triandrus Division) Raised by G.E. Mitsch. Flowers 3 to 4, perianth creamy-white. Corona yellow. Ht. 20-25 cm. IV. 981-680 'Liberty Bells' * (Triandrus Division) Raised by F. Rijnveld &

Sons. Flowers 3 to 4, soft yellow. Ht. 30-40 cm. IV.

000-104 'L' Innocence' (Tazetta Division) Raised by C.P. van Alkemade. Flowers 3 to 5 per stem, ivory-white. Cup small, funnel-shaped, orangeyellow. Sweetly fragrant. Stems several, exceeding the foliage, attractive for growing in pots. Long flowering period, new stems appearing frquently. This cultivar gave rise to the dubble 'Bridal Crown'. Ht. 30-40 cm. IV - V.

000-103 'Lintie' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by J.W. Barr. Flowers vellow, up to 4 per stem, segments round at the tips. Cup short, flattish. with a bright orange edge. Sweetly fragrant. Ht. 20-25 cm. IV - V. 994-082 'Little Beauty' * (Trumpet Division) A lovely small Trumpet Daffodil. The creamy-white petals contrast well with the lemon, flat rimmed trumpet. Ht. 10-15 cm. III - IV.

994-365 'Little Gem' * (Trumpet Division) Raised by Mr Gerritsen. Flowers golden-yellow, a pretty miniature Trumpet Daffodil. Ht. 10-15 cm.

999-149 'Martinetto' * (Jonquilla Division) Flowers 3 to 5, perianth goldenyellow. Cup orange, funnel-shaped. Fragrant. Ht. 25-30 cm. IV.

993-237 'Minnow' * (Tazetta Division) An excellent dwarf multi-flowered hybrid. Perianth creamy with a contrasting yellow cup. Ht. 15-18 cm. IV. 994-366 'Mite' * (Cyclamineus Division) Garden hybrid. Robust hybrid N.

cyclamineus. Ht. 20-25 cm. III.

995-440 'Orange Queen' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by Messrs Cartwright & Goodwin at the beginning of 20th century. Cups fairly small. 980-747 'Peeping Tom' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by P.D. Williams. Perianth deep golden-yellow, strongly deflexed. Trumpet narrow, long and concolorous deep golden-yellow. Like all Cyclamineus hybrids well suited for growing in partial shade under light trees or shrubs. Ht. 25-30 cm. III - IV.

980-748 'Pencrebar' * (Double Daffodils Division) Garden hybrid. Lovely small double yellow jonquil, looking like a tiny rose. Ht. 15 cm. IV. 994-367 'Petrel' * (Cyclamineus Division) Garden hybrid. A whiteflowering N. cyclamineus. Ht. 20 cm. III.

994-445 'Pipit' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by Grant E. Mitsch. Perianth soft lemon, turning almost pure white with age, evenly so for the cup. Usually 3 flowers per stem. Good for cutting. Ht. 25 cm. IV.

998-220 'Pueblo' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by G. E. Mitsch. Flowers white. Perianth snow-white, corona cream. Ht. 30 cm. IV.

978-188 'Rip van Winkle' * (syn. N. minor pumilus plenus) A historical double daffodil from Ireland. Flowers double, golden yellow, not unlike a miniature N. 'Van Sion'. Ht. 10-15 cm. III - IV.

996-029 'Surfside' * (Cyclamineus Division) Raised by G.E. Mitsch.

Perianth white, reflexed, trumpet slender, creamy yellow, III.

994-368 'Sundial' * (Jonquilla Division) Garden hybrid. Flowers 2 to 3 per stem, pale yellow with orange corona. Ht. 15-20 cm. IV.

997-039 'Sundisc' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by A. Gray. Petals strawyellow, corona bright orange. Ht. 40 cm. IV.

994-433 'Sweetness' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by R.V. Favell. Flowers in succession, usually one at a time, deep golden-yellow. Petals pointed. Fragrant, long-lasting. Ht. 30 cm. IV - V.

980-749 'Tahiti' * (Double Daffodils Division) Raised by J.L. Richardson. Very large, rounded, fully double flowers. The outer segments are very broad and rounded, of primrose-yellow colour. Interspersed towards the centre are smaller segments in bright orange-red, making a fine contrast. Growing vigorously. Ht. 30-40 cm. IV.

980-750 'Tete-a-Tete' * ('Cyclataz' X 'Cyclataz') Fine dwarf hybrid, raised by Alec Gray in 1949. Perianth pale lemon-yellow, deflexed. Cup orange. Fine for growing in pots. Ht. 15-20 cm. II – III. AGM.

993-361 Thalia' * (Triandrus Division) Raised by Messrs M. van Waveren. Flowers several, pure white. Fragrant. Ht. 40-45 cm. III – IV. 993-617 'Topolino' * (Trumpet Division) Raised br Messrs J. Gerritsen & Son. Dwarf bicolor daffodil, perianth creamy-white, trumpet pale lemon. Ht. 15 cm. III - IV.

998-221 'Trevithian' *(Jonquilla Division) Raised by P.D. Williams. Well proportioned yellow flowers, 2 to 3 per stem. Fragrant, long-lasting. Ht. 30 cm. IV.

996-030 'Waterperry' * (Jonquilla Division) Raised by Messrs W. Blom & Son. Perianth ivory-white with an apricot-pink cup. Ht. 25 cm. IV. 994-080 'White Marvel' * Double-flowered selection of N. triandrus 'Tresamble'. Flowers 3 to 4, pure white. Ht. 40 cm. IV.

980-760 'W.P. Milner' * (Trumpet Division) Raised by Henry Backhouse about a century ago. Perianth and trumpet concolorous straw-coloured on opening, turning creamy white, perianth segments always twisted. Ht. 15-20 cm. III - IV.